1 2	Salvador Gaytan:	It's time, ladies and gentlemen! SmileTalk is on the air featuring the latest news and developments in dental health, as well as other
3 4		fascinating topics that make people smile. I'm Salvador Gaytan, and I'm here with?
5 6 7	Dr. John Chao:	Dr. John Chao, hi everybody.
8 9 10 11 12	Salvador Gaytan:	What's going on, Dr. John? We just wrapped up a four segment interview with Dr. Avishai Sadan, the dean at the Ostrow School of Dentistry of USC . It was fascinating, wasn't it, Dr. John?
13 14 15	Dr. John Chao:	Yes, I really, really enjoyed it. I want to talk about why we spent four sessions on that.
16 17	Salvador Gaytan:	Okay, excellent.
18 19 20 21 22 23	Dr. John Chao:	Just as a background, there have been different shows, particularly TV shows talking about medicine, how medical students are trained and what happened to the residents, and how they are trained by the physicians who achieve residency and so on. And you can remember some shows
24 25	Salvador Gaytan:	Marcus Welby, M.D.
26 27	Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, Dr. Kildare.
28 29	Salvador Gaytan:	Dr. Kildare, yes.
30 31	Dr. John Chao:	Dr. Casey.
32 33	Salvador Gaytan:	Now, ER.
34 35	Dr. John Chao:	ER and Dr. House. Let's talk about
36 37	Salvador Gaytan:	Doogie Howser.
38 39	Dr. John Chao:	What?
40 41 42	Salvador Gaytan:	Wasn't there a Dr. Doogie Howser, the little kid M.D. or the 14 year old M.D. on some show, I think it was Doogie Howser M.D.
43	Dr. John Chao:	I haven't seen that.
44 45 46	Salvador Gaytan:	Yeah, that's right.

47 48 49 50 51	Dr. John Chao:	That's good. Okay, but where is there a show that talks about how dental students are trained and how dentists are training, how the dentists are trained and how a dentist is made? What's being a dental student like?
52 53	Salvador Gaytan:	Behind the scenes.
54 55 56 57 58 59	Dr. John Chao:	And what happens? What's required for your dentist in your neighborhood to be able to be there for you and take care of you in the way that dentistry has been practiced in America. And this, it did not just materialize out of nothing. It's hundreds of years of dentistry progressing in terms of dental education.
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67		Dental education produces the dentists that you see everyday, and like Dr. Sadan has said, it's a comprehensive training. It's not just learning how to fill a tooth. It's learning about the body. It's learning how the body interacts with the oral cavity and vice versa, and how you can take care of a patient who's ill or who's not ill, and what is the impact of teeth, gums and other structures of the mouth, and saliva, on general health.
68 69 70 71	Salvador Gaytan:	That's right, and he did cover a lot of fascinating topics about that as far as how the dentists at USC are trained, as well as how they raise the money to train the dentists.
72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	Dr. John Chao:	Yes, and it's not just about USC, I want to hasten to say that. In the future we will have the deans hopefully of the other dental schools, such as Loma Linda, UCLA, and the new one in Pomona to come and talk to us about dentistry. But USC is featured as a way for the general public to understand, generally speaking, how a dental student is trained, what is behind the making of a dentist? There are so many fascinating issues to that.
80 81 82	Salvador Gaytan:	Now, what would you pick as the number one element that makes a great dentist?
82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	Dr. John Chao:	What makes a great dentist is a combination of many things. What makes a great plastic surgeon, what makes a good general surgeon, what makes a brain surgeon, it's not just the skill, it's understanding of the human body, it's understanding of the impact of that particular condition on the human body, it's ability to diagnose, it's ability to relate to the patient, it's ability to follow up on treatment. It's the facility that the doctor working, it's the training personnel that assist him, whether it's the technician that takes the MRI or the CAT scan, whether it's a surgical nurse that helps him. All those

93 94 95 96		elements together, when it's put together correctly and efficiently, and given enough experience to working together, makes for the good result that a great surgeon gets when he does something.
97 98 99 100		So, it's not just one element. Of course, it's his training. It's his training, it's his own talent that comes to play, it's his own predilection, it's his own personality, it's intensively what he went through to be a surgeon.
101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108		And analogously the same thing goes into the training of a dentist, it's the facility, it's the experience, it's the tradition. It's how he absorbs or she absorbs the training and how he or she comes together later on in a practice environment and bringing about the facilities, the high technology, the current technology that are available, and how the staff is trained, and his or hers experience in training.
109 110 111 112 113 114 115		So, it's many, many elements, but that's a good question. What is one scale that can be preeminent? I don't really know. I think it's clinical skill, I think it's also just as importantly his ability to understand the human body and understand the human psyche, and understand himself, so not only is he using or she using her skills, but using it in the context of a doctor-patient relationship.
116 117 118 119 120	Salvador Gaytan:	That's right. And for anyone just tuning in, you're listening to SmileTalk with Dr. John Chao, spelled C-H-A-O. You can reach Dr. John at AlhambraDental.com to listen to any previous shows or submit questions, or 626-308-9104.
121 122 123 124	Dr. John Chao:	Or if you want to find me, and you can't remember anything that Sal has just said, remember Chao Radio .
124 125 126 127	Salvador Gaytan:	That's right. Type that into the World Wide Web, and you'll pull up Dr. John's website.
128 129 130	Dr. John Chao:	Yes, you'll be able to see Sal and me and the pictures of all the other guests, on the web.
131 132 133 134 135 136 137	Salvador Gaytan:	Fantastic. Now, getting back to your point of what well, I asked the question and you were making the point of what makes a great dentist. And my personal observation from actually being in the chair and hearing you, and also dealing with other doctors is, I think what makes a great doctor or a dentist is the ability to listen to their patient's needs.

138 And I've heard you do it in a couple of instances. We're going to 139 talk about that. But a doctor that listens and then says, "Okay, I 140 hear what the patient is saying," and they prescribe the remedies 141 that the patient is expecting. 142 143 Dr. John Chao: Or it could be the diagnosis based on physical findings, but is 144 presented in a way or is treated in a different way depending on the 145 preferences of that patient. You're making a very excellent point, it's the doctor needs to listen to the patient, that's very basic. In 146 147 fact, that's exactly what I teach at the USC School of Dentistry. 148 149 I teach in the Behavioral Science Department, where we train the 150 student doctors to listen to the patients, in particular when it has to 151 do with anxiety. But the listening skill and the ability to then verbalize your diagnosis and be able to relate to the patient is one 152 153 of the most important qualities of a great doctor. 154 155 Salvador Gaytan: Yes. Now, just wrapping up, getting back to -- we did four segments with Dr. Sadan, who is the dean of the Ostrow School of 156 157 Dentistry at USC, and just to wrap up a few impressions, I was very impressed with his demeanor. I can see why USC chose him 158 159 as the dean. 160 161 He's very forthright, very intelligent in what his vision is for USC, and he also talked about how they raise money and how the 162 163 research they do, the charitable work they do. So, I was very 164 impressed, and I think it validated why we did four shows. 165 166 Dr. John Chao: Yes, and one of his important qualities is that he can bring about a vision for that particular institution, given the elements which are 167 there already. I like the fact he is able to bring together the strong 168 169 desire on the part of supporters of the School of Dentistry for clinical excellence. 170 171 172 I'm a strong believer in that, as you have heard over many, many 173 shows, and how we also need to have -- and every dental school 174 needs to have that, the ability for the aspiring doctor, the student 175 doctor and the graduate doctors to be able to critically diagnose the 176 situation, to use critical thinking including listening skills in order 177 to be able to successfully help their patients in the new century, The university and the school of dentistry need to be in the 178 179 forefront of scientific research and bring about science into the art 180 of the practice of dentistry, and bring more art into dentistry at the 181 same time. 182

183 184 185 186 187 188 189		And then also teach the moral, ethical aspects of professional responsibility in reaching those people who cannot have access to dentistry and they cannot afford to do so. So, Dr. Sadan has brought those three elements together; clinical excellence, scientific research and access to dental care together in one vision that's very inspiring for me, and this is why I have decided to support the work at USC in a more active way than before.
190 191 192 193 194 195 196	Salvador Gaytan:	That's right. Now, so we've kind of wrapped that up. Now, moving along, we're not going to have our Rapid Fire Five today. We're just going to have a few different topics that we're going to discuss and go over, and we're coming very close to our anniversary show, it will be our next show.
197 198 199 200 201		And we're going to have a special for the anniversary show. I don't mind unveiling it right now, because it's so important, and that is in how you specialize in dealing with cowards and people that have high anxieties.
202 203 204 205		I think we might as well just do it right now. There's a fascinating story about a fireman patient of yours, who I actually saw a few minutes of a video that he did.
206 207	Dr. John Chao:	Oh, you did see it?
208 209	Salvador Gaytan:	I did see it, yeah.
210 211	Dr. John Chao:	Okay, great.
212 213 214 215 216 217 218	Salvador Gaytan:	I did see few minutes of the video, and his I'm going to let you give the details, but basically his background was he is a fireman, big, buff, burly guy, strong guy, confident guy, and in the interview he talked about though how he's gone 20 years with pain, because he was afraid to see the dentist. And tell us why he was afraid, Dr. John.
219 220 221 222	Dr. John Chao:	Well, first of all, I made the video because I wanted to show the students in my class at USC, how we do it at the office in a practice situation.
223 224	Salvador Gaytan:	Because you teach at USC.
224 225 226 227 228	Dr. John Chao:	I teach at USC on the subject of anxiety control. We call that iatrosedation ; we'll come to that later. And I wanted the students to be able to see a real life situation. When I videotaped him with his permission, I had no idea where this case was going to go. So,

229 230 231 232		it was a genuine case, and I videotaped it and then I took him through the different steps to where he became comfortable and we treated him successfully.
233 234 235 236 237		He's totally recovered and he's just one different man. But anyway, to start with, he was a fireman; he was actually a fire captain. And he did many things after that, but he had this one debilitating mental disadvantage, it's that he's very afraid of the dentist.
238 239 240 241 242	Salvador Gaytan:	Now, why was he so, this is a guy that can go into burning buildings, not afraid of fire or heat or smoke, but he is afraid of the little itsy, bitsy dentist, but tell him why though. He has a good reason.
243 244	Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, well beyond that, he was actually a medic.
245 246	Salvador Gaytan:	A medic, wow.
247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254	Dr. John Chao:	You don't become a fireman without being a paramedic and go through different life threatening situations and save people, but for himself he was unable to overcome this particular problem. And the reason he became that way is the reason millions and millions of adults in America have the same it's in that this condition, this dental phobia, this high anxiety towards dentistry is not congenital.
254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261		You are not born with it, but you have people who think that it's something they need to be ashamed of, they cannot discuss it. It's just something that is a personal blemish that they try to hide and run away from. And that's not actually true, because this feeling of anxiety is actually acquired. It's acquired from past experiences.
262 263	Salvador Gaytan:	And tell them, what happened, the traumatic experience happened to the fireman as a kid?
264265266	Dr. John Chao:	As a kid did you see him relate to that?
267 268	Salvador Gaytan:	I saw it, yeah.
269 270	Dr. John Chao:	Did you see his facial expression?
271 272	Salvador Gaytan:	I saw his facial expressions.
273 274	Dr. John Chao:	What did it look like?

Salvador Gaytan:	To me, a grown man, and he was reliving the fear he had as a boy, and I could see that in his facial expressions, his voice. He was going back there, and do you want to tell them what happened?
Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, what happened to him was, the dentist, accidentally somebody bumped his arm, and the needle instead of going into his mouth, poked through his cheek and entered his gum when he was a little boy.
	And I think it's more than just an accident. From the way he described it, it's that he was helpless, he was held down. Something made him feel like he had no control over the situation.
	The helplessness and the pain, and the experience itself made for this anxiety. In other words, if it's just pain, under the right circumstances, a patient or a person can get over it. But if it's helplessness, there's nothing you can do, and this can happen again and you can be helpless again, I think there's elements that create this phobia.
Salvador Gaytan:	Well, especially as a child, you experience that; I can see why you'd never want to go back. So, he lived with pain for 20 years, he said, because he would not go back to the dentist.
Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, he had other experiences too that added to that. He related how in fact we have his permission to actually talk about it. But he said that the last time he went to the dentist, he was so sweating he was so wet with sweat, that the dentist felt sorry for him and said, "Why don't you just go and come back later? Because when you feel better, I'll take care of you." So, he didn't have
Salvador Gaytan:	That was not the right thing for the dentist to do, was it?
Dr. John Chao:	Well, I don't want to be critical, because
Salvador Gaytan:	Well, you wouldn't do that.
Dr. John Chao:	Well, I wouldn't do that, because I have specialized my office to take care of people like that. And I am not setup to where I need to see a certain number of patients in an efficient, sequential manner and without the ability to actually interrupt my schedule to take care of special patients with special needs. So, every dentist practices differently. And if you're not equipped or have the special desire for highly anxious patients, it's probably better off that you refer the patients
	Dr. John Chao: Salvador Gaytan: Dr. John Chao: Salvador Gaytan: Dr. John Chao: Salvador Gaytan:

321 322 323 324 325		somewhere else and maybe treat the patient another time or use medication, use gas, use oral medication or even use IV sedation. So, I wouldn't be critical, but there are patients who need special care.
326 327 328 329 330	Salvador Gaytan:	Patients need special care, and they need it now, not a day later, a week later. I mean the guy probably didn't come back. You know what I mean? Once he sent him home, who's going to want to come back?
331 332 333 334 335 336 337	Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, and so this particular gentleman had this experience, and we were able to take him through it. He was able to understand that this attitude, this mental state is something he acquired from a past experience, that with new experiences, which are pleasant and warm and supportive without the helplessness, and of course without the pain
338	Salvador Gaytan:	Pain free.
339 340 341 342	Dr. John Chao:	It'd be pain free, that he will be better and he will do much, much better.
343 344	Salvador Gaytan:	So, it has a happy ending, and
345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356	Dr. John Chao:	Happy ending, yeah. He had a tooth that needed to be extracted, and I was able to show him that I accept the fact that he is very highly anxious and phobic, that it's okay for him to be that way, and that I know what bothers him, which is not getting numb or which is the experience of getting numb and having a problem. And I was able to show him that it was totally painless in the way that I define painlessness, and that he was able to tolerate the experience without actually blinking an eye. It took us a while. We had to really nurse him through it, but when he was done, he was very happy. Did you hear the last part of it?
357 358	Salvador Gaytan:	I did not hear the final. I saw the first half of the interview.
359 360 361 362	Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, and he was very happy, and then he came to me the next day actually and saw the hygienists were cleaning. And he was very thankful, he was a different man.
363 364	Salvador Gaytan:	Different man, smiling, happy.
365 366	Dr. John Chao:	What I didn't tell you was that yesterday when you were there, he actually came later, and we didn't recognize him. Remember he

367 368 369 370		had a kind of a beanie hat on? He looked like he wasn't really up to anything, but he came in yesterday, we hardly recognized him. This is one good looking, cool dude.
371 372	Salvador Gaytan:	Wow.
373 374 375	Dr. John Chao:	He did his hair different, and we almost didn't recognize the guy. His life is changed.
376 377 378 379	Salvador Gaytan:	Well, we've talked about that on different shows that when people have pain in their mouth or discomfort in their mouth, they don't smile. It affects their whole demeanor.
380 381 382 383 384 385 386	Dr. John Chao:	Yes, that's a good point. I'm glad you brought it up, Sal. However, what's really, really exciting, and it happened in his case and many other cases, almost every case. I'm not a psychologist, but I see time and again, when a patient overcomes, is relieved of this phobia, their lives actually change, because now they've gotten rid of a big monkey off their back.
387 388 389 390 391 392		It's a burden that they carry around, 40 pounds, 50 pounds, 100 pounds, they're carrying it on their back that they're unable to overcome and now it's gone. I don't care what it is, it's gone, and all of a sudden they're more empowered, would be the word. He used the word; he feels that's been an emotional cleansing.
393 394	Salvador Gaytan:	Wow.
395 396	Dr. John Chao:	He used those terms. I was very struck by the
397 398	Salvador Gaytan:	It's almost spiritual nature.
399 400 401 402	Dr. John Chao:	This is a very intelligent man. He feels spiritually cleansed, he feels different, and this is a different man yesterday that I saw. So, it's very, very gratifying for myself and especially my staff.
403 404 405 406 407 408 409	Salvador Gaytan:	Absolutely. And for anyone tuning in, you're listening to SmileTalk with Dr. John Chao, spelled C-H-A-O. You can reach Dr. John at his website <u>AlhambraDental.com</u> to listen to any shows, submit questions or you can contact Dr. John at 626-308-9104. He does specialize in people who have high anxieties or if you want to term yourself a coward, there's no shame in that.
410 411	Dr. John Chao:	It's okay to be a coward. It's okay to be scared of dentists, and we have very, very normal, apparently very, very healthy people such

412 413		as our last patient, and he by experience happened to be very, very anxious [crosstalk] dentistry.
414		a conf
415	Salvador Gaytan:	That is right, and I can say that too, because I am a patient. I've
416	·	been a patient for many years, so I'm having my own things taken
417		care of, which hasn't been a lot, but I've had a few shots, and you
418		know what? It's no big deal to me.
419		
420		But I know other people, they have more anxieties, and I'm very
421		impressed with the way that your office has handled them, so I'm
422		very impressed with that.
423		
424	Dr. John Chao:	It's not just the injection. It's actually how you make it pleasant.
425		Remember on the last show we said that pain is caused by an
426		unpleasant sensation. It is the role of the dentist to make it as
427		pleasant as possible.
428		So the deutist who treats notice to with high anxieties commeller
429 430		So, the dentist who treats patients with high anxieties, generally have a very pleasant, warm, supportive environment with staff that
431		are very, very caring and attentive to the special needs of the
432		patient. And a doctor who is also knowledgeable as to that
433		particular condition, and can use the right words, use the right
434		demeanor to alleviate and help the patient to overcome that.
435		demonstrate and many the pulletter of execute and
436		So, in this formula of unpleasant sensation, you can make it
437		pleasant and you can feel a little bit of sensation, it would not be
438		painful. You can also make it totally without sensation, and then of
439		course if it still is a little bit unpleasant, it's not that intolerable.
440		
441	Salvador Gaytan:	Right. Well, that's what I've been impressed with, because I've had
442		times where I ask you or one of your assistants, "Okay, well if
443		you're going to do this, then what's going to happen or what does
444		that mean?"
445		The bound are with athen actions 120
446		I've heard you with other patients, and it comes to my point about
447		listening, because if a patient is asking questions, if you don't give
448 449		them the answers, then they have uncertainty in their mind of how the process is going to work out. So, I'm very impressed with the
449		way you and your staff explain the process and then carry out the
450 451		procedures.
452		procedures.
453	Dr. John Chao:	And it's the same thing with the very anxious patients, I need to
454		know what is the concern of this patient. If this patient is very
455		anxious about certain aspects of dentistry, we need to listen to it
456		and make sure that he understands that we accept it.
457		•

458 459 460 461 462 463 464		It's not judged, it's okay for me to have that, to recognize he has that and help him accept it, help him understand the process and how he could be so called have his circuits reprogrammed, so the anxiety path is not there, and new pathways within the brain takes over, that makes it pleasant and makes him feel okay to come back.
465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472	Salvador Gaytan:	Absolutely, absolutely. Well, we're coming down to the last minute or so of our show, Dr. John. Our next show is going to be our anniversary show, and you have a special I guess it's a special offer that you're going to be offering for the anniversary show, and we're going to go over some of our moments we've had and some different stories. So, that's upcoming. But this has been a great show today, Dr. John, it went fast.
473	Dr. John Chao:	Yes, I enjoy it more and more. I have to say.
474 475 476	Salvador Gaytan:	More and more?
477 478 479	Dr. John Chao:	Yeah, it's really fun. I hope that the audience feels the same thing. What do you think?
480 481 482 483 484 485	Salvador Gaytan:	I think it's been fantastic. And again, for the audience, if you have questions for Dr. John that you want answered on the show, you can submit them at AlhambraDental.com or you can reach Dr. John Chao, spelled C-H-A-O at 626-308-9104 or they can find you on the web, how Dr. John?
486	Dr. John Chao:	Type in Chao and Radio.
487 488 489	Salvador Gaytan:	That will get you.
490	Dr. John Chao:	I found it the other day myself. So, that works, Chao Radio.
491 492 493 494	Salvador Gaytan:	Different ways to get in contact with Dr. John, the friendly dentist. I guess that's a wrap for today, Dr. John.
495	Dr. John Chao:	Yes, goodbye everybody, see you next week.
496 497 498	Salvador Gaytan:	Goodbye.
498	[END OF AUDIO]	